Semaine internationale A des zones humides Ramsar

Ateliers - Séminaire technique - Animations 20 - 25 mai 2024 Ile de La Réunion - France



CITY OF CAPE TOWN ISIXEKO SASEKAPA STAD KAAPSTAD

Communities and Restoration

Dalton Gibbs – City of Cape Town Environmental Management Department

Making progress possible. Together.

Dalton Gibbs

• City of Cape Town – Biodiversity Management Branch



The South African Context

- South Africa has 11 official languages
- Diverse cultures
- Large social wealth gap
- Third most biodiverse country on earth







Western Cape Province

- The Western Cape is a winter rainfall area
- About 90 000 km sq (about the size of Portugal)
- The supports 20% of Africa's flora (9000 species)
- Supports 3% of the plant species on earth



Biodiversity Spatial Plan Categories Protected Area (PA)

Marine Protected Area (MPA)

Critical Biodiversity Area (OBA1) Critical Biodiversity Area (OBA1) Ecological Support Area (ESA1) Ecological Support Area: Restore (ESA2) Other Natural Area (ONA) No Natural Area (ONA)

- National Roads

Major Dams

Cape Town

• The most biodiverse city in the world IUCN 2015).

- 2500 km sq.
- 3200 Plant species
- 60 Mammals
- 610 Birds
- 21 Amphibians
- 52 Reptiles



Extremely high levels of endemism





Cape Town

- The highest rates of plant extinction for its size in the world.
- 3.6 million people
- Water scarce





The Protected Area Management Feedback



Restoration is a long term endeavour and will far outlive those involved in it!

- This multi generational thinking is often contrary to Western short term thinking.
- Restoration work with communities thus has to be sold as long term natural heritage investment.
- The concept of "A living legacy".

Set Expectations with Communities!

As a financial and a financial

- Re-vegetation
- Rehabilitation
- Restoration

Restoration

• Establishing a fully functional intact ecosystem with all its indigenous components



Restoration

• We need to know and explain to communities what the final product looks like.



Where is the Restoration going to take place? Do we have...

- Legislative protection for the site?
- The necessary expertise to sustain the effort?
- A secure long term budget?
- Safety & security the necessary Law Enforcement & Security if needed?













- What ecological processes do we need to sustain the species?
- Will these impact local communities?



• Example pre-scribed ecological fires









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Communities



Communities?

Who is your community? ٠



















Partnerships

- Where multiple partners are involved define roles & responsibilities good fences make good neighbours....
- Consider a Project Scope Document if necessary



Liability?

- Are there possible safety issues for volunteers?
- Do you need a formal agreement (Memorandum of Agreement) between people and/or organisations who may be assisting?



Designate a clear Restoration Project Manager

- A suitable staff member in your organisation with a clear mandate and understanding of the Restoration Project
- Someone with good communication skills...





The Champions!

• Establish and nurture champions in communities you are working with.



Set Milestones

• As part of setting expectations, set conservative milestones when certain species could be reintroduced.















Institutionalise and Celebrate the Restoration Project

• Use annual events, like Heritage Day or Spring Day, to annually celebrate and remind communities of the Project.



Social Media



Case Studies



Zeekoevlei Draw Down


27 April – Freedom Day







Water Hyacinth Eradication







Toad Tunnels – Western Leopard Toad

- University research
- City Roads Department
- Residents Association
- Local Environmental Group







Use every opportunity to re-enforce partnerships





Erica verticillata & Serruria foeniculaceae











Community hack group









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Thank You

Making progress possible. Together.